

## Homework 5 STAT 351

Chapter 5

1. An instructor has given a short test consisting of two parts. For a randomly selected student, let  $X$  = the number of points earned on the first part and  $Y$  = the number of points earned on the second part. Suppose that the joint pmf of  $X$  and  $Y$  is given in the accompanying table.

Value of  $p(x, y) = P(X=x, Y=y)$

$p(x, y)$		$y$				
		0	5	10	15	
$x$	0	.02	.06	.02	.10	$\Sigma 0.20$
	5	.04	.15	.20	.10	$\Sigma 0.49$
	10	.01	.15	.14	.01	$\Sigma 0.31$
		$\Sigma 0.07$	$\Sigma 0.36$	$\Sigma 0.36$	$\Sigma 0.21$	

- (a) Obtain marginal pmf of  $X$ .

$$p(0) = 0.07$$

$$p(5) = 0.36$$

$$p(10) = 0.36$$

$$p(15) = 0.21$$

- (b) Obtain marginal pmf of  $Y$ .

$$p(0) = 0.2$$

$$p(5) = 0.49$$

$$p(10) = 0.31$$

- (c) What is  $E(X)$ ,  $E(Y)$  and  $E(XY)$ ?

Expected Value

$$E(X) = 0(0.07) + 5(0.36) + 10(0.36) + 15(0.21) = \boxed{8.55}$$

$$E(Y) = 0(0.2) + 5(0.49) + 10(0.31) = \boxed{5.55}$$

$$E(XY) = (5) \cdot (5)(0.15) + (5) \cdot (10) \cdot (0.15 + 0.2)$$

(d) Given  $V(X) = 19.15$  and  $V(Y) = 12.45$ , calculate  $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$  and  $\text{Corr}(X, Y)$ . What can you say about the relationship between the points earned for first part (X) and points earned for the second part (Y)?

(e) If the recorded scores were  $M = (\text{maximum of } X \text{ and } Y)$ , obtain pmf of M.

(f) Is X and Y independent? Support your answer by numerical evidence.

2. Let r.v. X and Y have joint pdf

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{54}(x+y) & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 3 \text{ and } 1 \leq y \leq 5 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(a) Obtain marginal pdf of X.  $= \frac{4}{54}x + \frac{12}{54}$

$$f(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x,y) dy = \int_1^5 \frac{1}{54}(x+y) dy \rightarrow \int_1^5 \frac{1}{54}x + \frac{1}{54}y dy \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{54}x + \frac{12}{54}$$

(b) Calculate E(X).

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx = \int_0^3 x \left( \frac{4}{54}x + \frac{12}{54} \right) dx = \left[ \frac{4}{54} \left( \frac{x^3}{3} \right) + \frac{12}{54} \left( \frac{x^2}{2} \right) \right] \Big|_0^3 = 1.67$$

(c) Calculate P

(d) Calculate E(XY)